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EMPLIB, written for use on a CDC 6000 computer operating under Scope 3, is a librarian program whose function is to maintain an active library and a separate permanent archive of program UPDATE and object files on a sequential storage device such as a magnetic tape reel. The EMPLIB librarian can perform readout or alteration of the library or archive, and also certain file-positioning actions and program object file editing.

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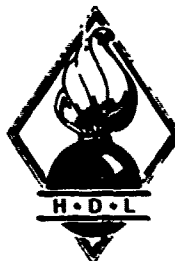
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**EMPLIB: A SEQUENTIAL FILE PROGRAM LIBRARIAN**

by  
**William T. Wyatt, Jr.**

**April 1972**

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U.S. ARMY MATERIEL COMMAND,  
**HARRY DIAMOND LABORATORIES**  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20438

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**EMPLIB**, written for use on a CDC 6000 computer operating under Scope 3, is a librarian program whose function is to maintain an active library and a separate permanent archive of program **UPDATE** and object files on a sequential storage device such as a magnetic tape reel. The **EMPLIB** librarian can perform readout or alteration of the library or archive, and also certain file-positioning actions and program object file editing.

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## 1. INTRODUCTION

EMPLIB is a program written in CDC Fortran Extended and Compass for use on CDC 6000-series computers operating under Scope 3. It has been tested and run under Scopes 3.2 and 3.3, and requires about 54,200 words (octal) to load and execute. EMPLIB is a librarian program whose function is to maintain a library of frequently used program UPDATE files (called "source" files here) and program object files (called "binary" files here, i.e., the compiler or assembler object output). The term "file" is defined here as a string of data terminated by an EOF. The library is kept on a magnetic tape or other permanent sequential data storage device. EMPLIB also maintains an archive magnetic tape of program source or binary files to be saved indefinitely. The user may run the librarian program EMPLIB and cause it to perform certain library or archive functions by placing directive cards in the input card stream to be read by the librarian. These directive cards are processed sequentially, allowing library alteration, program file readout, user-assigned filenames for readin and readout functions, certain filename actions such as rewind, endfile, and skipfile, and archive additions or readout. The term "filename" is defined here as a logical file name (i.e., LGO, TAPE1, OLDPL, etc.).

## 2. THE LIBRARIAN

The librarian uses nine working filenames for various functions. All functions but one are assigned a one- or two-letter mnemonic and are associated by default with certain filenames which may be altered by the user during execution of the librarian. The file functions, mnemonics, default filenames, and purpose are listed below:

<u>Function</u>	<u>Mnemonic</u>	<u>Filename</u>	<u>Purpose</u>
card input	I	INPUT	Contains EMPLIB directives.
print output	O	OUTPUT	Contains printed output.
library	L	EMPLIB	Contains the program library.
archive	A	ARCHIV	Contains the program archive.
source input	SI	NEWPL	Source files read from NEWPL.
source output	SO	OLDPL	Source files written to OLDPL.
binary input	BI	LGO	Binary files read from LGO.
binary output	BO	XQT	Binary files written to XOT.
scratch	none	TAPE40	Scratch file for librarian.

All of the file functions, with the exception of the scratch function, may be assigned different filenames by use of the FILES directive described later. The filenames accessed by the librarian must all be odd-parity files as distinct from even-parity BCD files. The librarian can, of course, access an odd parity file onto which a BCD file has been copied. The terms file and binary file as used here both refer to files with odd parity. The difference between the two types of files is one of name only, and is conventionalized so that program UPDATE files are designated as source files and program object files are designated as binary files. The directives SELECT and REFUSE work properly only with binary files that are, in fact, program object files. Otherwise, any data file may be treated as a program source or binary file and manipulated by the librarian. The first file on the library filename is intended to be the librarian program object file, where it may be easily copied off and executed. (If the library tape is executed directly, the system loader will unload the tape, preventing later access to the library.) The second file contains a table of the library contents. Subsequent files are source and binary files previously placed in the library. Each file is identified in the table of contents by a name identifier, a version identifier, a mode identifier (to distinguish whether it is a source file or a binary file), and date of entry into the library. The name and version

Identifiers must be from one to ten characters with no imbedded blanks or commas. The version identifier is optional and will be all blanks if not specified by the user. The archive filename contains two data files for each source or binary file kept on it. The first is a file containing the table of contents information about the source or binary file, and the second data file is the source or binary file itself. The end of the archive is denoted by a file containing just the one word "LAST."

### 3. LIBRARIAN DIRECTIVES

The various functions the librarian can perform will be illustrated through their use in the following examples. The completed output is listed in Appendix A. It is assumed in the first example that the librarian object file has been copied to the filename EMPLIB (so as to allow creation of the library) and that a magnetic tape has been assigned to the filename ARCHIV. Execution of the librarian causes the filename EMPLIB to be rewound if the first directive is not a FILES directive; thus the library filename must be changed immediately if it is not to be EMPLIB.

Directives are free-field, but must have a dollar sign in column one. Directives and identifiers must be separated by blanks, unless commas are required. The librarian will copy each directive card to the print file as encountered and then add a description of any action taken. On the print file, directives can be recognized by the single dollar sign, whereas statements originated by the librarian begin with "EMPLIB \$\$\$."

#### 3.1 CREATE

CREATE causes a library to be created on the filename attached to the library function. Physically, the first file is skipped on the library filename and a table of contents file is written which records the first file as "EMPLIB" and the second file as "TOC." The library must be created (establishing a table of contents) before any library additions can be performed. In fact, a table of contents is required by all but the following directives: CREATE, CREATEARCH, FILES, SKIP, SKIPB, HISTORY, ENDFILE, REWIND, FIND, AND FINDB. The directives SELECT and REFUSE may or may not require a table of contents. \$CREATE

#### 3.2 CREATEARCH

CREATEARCH causes an archive to be established on the filename attached to the archive function. Physically, the hollerith word "LAST" is written on the archive. The archive must be established before any archive additions can be performed. The archive is rewound before and after the creation. \$CREATEARCH

#### 3.3 End of librarian input

The sequence of directives is terminated by a 7-8-9 card. If the last operation on the source output or binary output filename was a write-end-of-record, the filename is EOF'd and backspaced before execution is ended. All the following directives may be given in the same or any subsequent execution of the librarian once the library has been created. The file name/versions specified must be in the library when the directive is processed by the librarian, except for new name/versions in ADD (ADDB) and RENAME (RENAMEB), and

except for the archive directive FIND (FINDB). File name/versions appearing with the FIND (FINDB) directive must already be on the archive when the directive is processed.-

### 3.4 ADD and ADDB

ADD (ADDB) causes the source (binary) file on the source (binary) input filename to be added to the library, and assigns it to the name and version specified. The source (binary) input filename is rewound before reading is begun, unless suppressed by a NOREWIND directive (discussed later). \$ADD PROG VERS

### 3.5 TOC

TOC causes a table of contents of the library to be printed. \$TOC

### 3.6 FILES

FILES causes the file functions whose mnemonics are specified on the directive card to be reassigned different filenames. A reassignment consists of the mnemonic, one or more blanks, and the new filename, in that order. Multiple reassignments must be separated by commas. Old filenames whose last operation was a write-end-of-record are EOF'd and back-spaced before being detached from a file function when the reassignment is made. This directive may be issued even if the library has not been created. \$FILES SI OLD, BI AGO, SO NEW

### 3.7 SKIP and SKIPB

SKIP (SKIPB) causes the number of files specified to be skipped in a forward direction on the source (binary) input filename. Up to 999 files may be skipped with one directive. If the number of files to be skipped is not specified, one file is skipped. \$SKIPB 2

### 3.8 NOREWIND

NOREWIND suppresses the automatic rewind of the source (binary) input filename for the next (and only the next) ADD (ADDB) or CHANGE (CHANGE) directive encountered. \$NOREWIND

### 3.9 CHANGE and CHANGE

CHANGE (CHANGE) causes the source (binary) file name/version specified to be replaced on the library by the next file encountered on the source (binary) input filename. The filename is automatically rewound before reading unless suppressed, as in this example, by a NOREWIND directive. The present data is placed in the library table of contents for the file changed. The file changed must already be in the library. \$CHANGE PROG VERS



### 3.10 RENAME and RENAMEB

RENAME (RENAMEB) causes the first source (binary) file name/version given on the card to be renamed in the table of contents file with the second source (binary) file name/version given on the card. The first and second file name/version must be separated by a comma. \$RENAME PROG VERS, PROGA NEWNAME

### 3.11 DROP and DROPB

DROP (DROPB) causes the source (binary) file name/version to be removed from the library and its entry in the table of contents file to be deleted. The first file on the library (the EMPLIB binary file) will never be dropped, since this will cause the library to be scrambled. \$DROP NEWPROG

### 3.12 KEEP and KEEPB

KEEP (KEEPB) causes the source (binary) file name/version specified to be added to the archive. The specified file name/version must already be in the library. Once added to the archive, a file cannot be removed from the archive by the librarian. \$KEEPB PROG VERS

### 3.13 HISTORY

HISTORY causes the contents of the archive to be scanned and a list of the file name/versions encountered to be printed. This directive may be processed by the librarian even if the library has not been created; only the archive need exist. \$HISTORY

### 3.14 RUN

RUN causes the first binary file on the library with the specified name to be copied to the binary output filename irrespective of the program version. Thus, only the program name need be specified. The terminating EOF is not copied, so further material may be copied to the binary filename to complete the desired load module. \$RUN PROG

### 3.15 CCPY and COPYB

COPY (COPYB) causes the source (binary) file name/version specified on the library to be copied to the source (binary) output filename. The terminating EOF is not copied, just as for the RUN directive. \$COPY PROGA NEWNAME

### 3.16 SELECT

SELECT causes the specified binary file name/version on the library to be scanned for the named object programs or subprograms, which are copied as encountered to the binary output filename with no terminating EOF. On the directive card the binary file name/version must be the first identifiers after the SELECT word, followed by a comma, and then followed by the program or subprogram names separated by commas. If the file name/version is

omitted so that the next non-blank character after the directive is a comma, the next file on the binary input filename will be scanned for the named programs and subprograms; this action does not require a table of contents. If the last non-blank character on the card is a comma, continuation cards will be read until the final non-blank card character is not a comma. Continuation cards must not contain a dollar sign in column one, and must contain information in columns one through 79 only. Up to 100 program or subprogram names may be specified in the directive. A list of all object routines encountered and their selection or refusal is printed. The largest object routine that can be processed by SELECT or REFUSE must be less than 6000 words long. A statement of the maximum size processed is printed at end of execution. \$SELECT PROG VERS, ISO, SPLTR, SPLTC.

\$SELECT, ISO, SPLTR, SPLTC.

### 3.17 REFUSE

REFUSE causes the same action as SELECT, except that specified object program and subprogram names are not copied to the binary output filename and all others encountered are copied. Empty records are not copied. Up to 100 names may be specified for refusal. If the file name/version is omitted, the binary input filename will be processed instead. \$REFUSE PROG VERS, ISO, SPLTR, SPLTC

### 3.18 ENDFILE

ENDFILE causes the file function whose mnemonic is specified to have an EOF written on the filename assigned to the file function. Only one file function may be specified on the directive card and only the file functions BO and SO may be endfiled with this directive. \$ENDFILE FC

### 3.19 REWIND

REWIND causes the file function whose mnemonic is specified to have its assigned filename rewind. If information had been written to the filename, end-of-information terminators are written to the filename before it is rewind. The file functions I, O, and L cannot be rewind with this directive. \$REWIND SO

### 3.20 FIND and FINDB

FIND (FINDB) causes the archive to be searched for the source (binary) file name/version specified, which is then copied to the source (binary) output filename. No EOF is written, just as for the COPY (COPYB) directive. The directives FIND and FINDB may be processed by the librarian even if the library has not been created; only the archive is required to exist. \$FINDB PROG VERS

### 3.21 REPLACE and REPLACEB

REPLACE (REPLACEB) causes the source (binary) file name/version specified to be replaced on the library on the next file encountered on the source (binary) input filename, and given a new name/version label. This combines the functions of CHANGE (CHANGEb) and REPLACE (REPLACEB). The directive format is the same as for the RENAME (RENAMEB) directive. The source (binary) input filename is rewind before reading is begun, unless suppressed by a NOREWIND directive.

## 4. LIBRARIAN ERROR MESSAGES

When the librarian detects an error involving the directive card being processed, a message describing the nature of the error is printed and the rest of the librarian card input file is copied to the print output file, after which execution is terminated by a call to the nonexistent subroutine ABORT which causes a mode one (address-out-of-range) error termination.

Terminators are assured to be on any source or binary output filename if the filename has been written on, just as for a normal termination.

If another kind of error is detected, an informative message is printed and execution is terminated immediately with a CALL ABORT. Terminators are not assured for filenames assigned to output functions at the time the error was detected.

#### 4.1 Directive format errors

The following errors use the ABORT termination after checking file terminators:

1. Missing or misplaced dollar sign on directive card. The dollar sign must be in column one.
2. Improper directive. A directive cannot be found on the card.
3. Unrecognizable directive. The specified directive is not familiar to the librarian.
4. Directive requires a table of contents. The specified directive requires a created library when none exists.
5. Missing program filename. A program file name cannot be found on the card when one is required.
6. Program file name too long. The specified program file name is longer than 10 characters.
7. Program file version too long. The specified program file version is longer than 10 characters.
8. Program file name/version not in table of contents. The specified name/version is not on the library and the directive cannot be executed.
9. Adding file already in table of contents. The specified name/version/mode is already in the library; a unique name/version/mode must be specified.
10. Missing comma. A needed comma is missing between the old name/version and the new name/version on a RENAME, RENAMEB, REPLACE, or REPLACEB directive.
11. Word is too long. A word is longer than 10 characters on a FILES directive card. In fact, SCOPE can handle filenames only up to seven characters long, so care should be taken not to use 8, 9, or 10 character filenames.
12. Unrecognized file type. The file function type specified is not recognized.
13. More than 100 record names. Too many program and subprogram names are listed in a SELECT or REFUSE directive.
14. Illegal file type. A file function type cannot be found on the directive card.
15. Illegal directive for the file type. The directive is not allowed for the file function type specified.

16. Illegal number. Unrecognizable number on a SKIP or SKIPB card; 999 is the maximum allowed.
17. Program file name/version not on archive. The name/version specified by a FIND or FINDB directive is not in the archive.

#### 4.2 Other errors

The following errors cause an immediate CALL ABORT termination:

1. KEEP read parity error. A read parity error occurred while reading the library for a KEEP or KEEPB directive.
2. KEEP write parity error. A write parity error occurred while writing to the archive for a KEEP or KEEPB directive. The former contents of the archive are intact, but an end-of-archive record no longer exists.
3. FIND read error. A read parity error occurred while reading the archive for a FIND or FINDB directive.
4. HISTORY read error. A read parity error occurred while reading the archive for a HISTORY directive.
5. GETTOC parity error. A read parity error occurred while the librarian was trying to read the table of contents file.
6. Empty file. The filename specified as the location of a program file was empty.
7. CPYFIL read parity error. A read parity error occurred while the librarian was skipping a file.
8. I/O error in CPYBUF. An I/O error occurred while the librarian was copying a file.
9. End-of-information encountered. An EOI was encountered while trying to copy a file; i.e., the filename was short-terminated.
10. TOC write parity error in FFWFIL. A write parity error occurred while the librarian was writing the table-of-contents file to the library for a library alteration directive.
11. Read error in CPYREC. A read parity error occurred while the librarian was reading or binary input filename during processing of a SELECT or REFUSE directive.
12. Write error in CPYREC. A write parity error occurred while the librarian was copying a program or subprogram record to the binary output filename during processing of a SELECT or REFUSE directive.

#### 5. USER HINTS

The following information will be useful to the EMPLIB user.

### 5.1 List of directives

PROG and PROGA are program file names, and VERS and VERSA are program file versions in the following examples. Items enclosed in parenthesis are optional. An asterisk denotes the file is rewound before reading unless suppressed by a NOREWIND directive.

<u>Input</u>	<u>Output</u>	<u>Directive</u>
L	L	\$CREATE
	A	\$CREATEARCH
SI*	L	\$ADD PROG (VERS)
BI*	L	\$ADDB PROG (VERS)
L		\$TOC
		\$FILES BI ABC, A PQR7826
SI		\$SKIP (5)
BI		\$SKIPB (999)
		\$NOREWIND
SI*	L	\$CHANGE PROG (VERS)
BI*	L	\$CHANGEB PROG (VERS)
L	L	\$RENAME PROG (VERS), PROGA (VERSA)
L	L	\$RENAMEB PROG (VERS), PROGA (VERSA)
L	L	\$DROP PROG (VERS)
L	L	\$DROPB PROG (VERS)
L	A	\$KEEP PROG (VERS)
L	A	\$KEEPB PROG (VERS)
A		\$HISTORY
L	BO	\$RUN PROG
L	SO	\$COPY PROG (VERS)
L	BO	\$COPYB PROG (VERS)
L	BO	\$SELECT PROG (VERS), SUBA, SUBB, SUBC
BI	BO	\$SELECT, SUBA, SUBB, SUBC
L	BO	\$REFUSE PROG (VERS), SUBA, SUBB, SUBC
BI	BO	\$REFUSE, SUBA, SUBB, SUBC
	BO or SO	\$ENDFILE BO
All but I,O,L		\$REWIND SI
A	SO	\$FIND PROG (VERS)
A	BO	\$FINDB PROG (VERS)
SI*	L	\$REPLACE PROG (VERS), PROGA (VERSA)
SI*	L	\$REPLACEB PROG (VERS), PROGA (VERSA)

All directives except CREATE which use the library (L) as input or output require a created library. All directives except CREATEARCH which use the archive (A) as input or output require a created archive.

### 5.2 File Actions

The librarian checks the first directive encountered and, if it is not FILES directive, rewinds the library (which has the filename EMPLIB) and looks to see if a table of contents exists. If it is a FILES directive, rewinding the library file is deferred to just prior to processing the next directive.

All directives which use the library as output cause the entire library to be copied to the scratch filename TAPE40 and recopied in its modified form back to the library filename. If the library is of substantial length and if more than one or two directives of this kind are to

be processed, much PP time will be saved if the library tape is copied to a disk filename before librarian execution and then recopied from the disk filename back to the library tape after librarian execution. The library filename must be the disk filename, of course. This also helps protect the library tape from write parity errors.

A good practice is periodically to copy the entire library and the entire archive to a backup library tape and a backup archive tape, to avoid loss of program files if the first-line copies are impaired by permanent parity errors.

If the library is of short length, it may be practical to have the library reside on a permanent disk file instead of on a magnetic tape. The archive will generally be too large for this, however.

### 5.3 Examples of usage

Although it would not be possible to illustrate all the possible uses of the EMPLIB librarian, a few examples will be useful to convey the flexibility and simplicity of the program. The examples are for a Scope 3.3 system. All TOC directives are optional, but are recommended.

#### 1. Update, compilation of changes, and execution.

```
JOB, CM54000, TP1
REQUEST, EMPLIB, (540/NORING)
COPYBF (EMPLIB, LIB, 1)
LIB.
RETURN (EMPLIB)
UPDATE (P)
FTN (I=COMPLE)
REWIND (XQT)
COPYBF (XQT, LGO, 1)
LGO.
7-8-9
$TOC
$COPY NEPHI CORRQ
$REFUSE NEPHI CORRQ, PHOTON, GROUND
7-8-9
(Update input with changes for subroutines PHOTON and GROUND.)
7-8-9
(Input data.)
6-7-8-9
```

This could also be accomplished by the following cards between the FTN card and UPDATE input cards:

```
LGO.
7-8-9
$TOC
$FILES BO LGO
$COPY NEPHI CORRQ
$REFUSE NEPHI CORRQ, PHOTON, GROUND
7-8-9
```

2. Update, compilation of changes, and alteration of library.

JOB, CM54000, TP1.  
REQUEST, EMPLIB (540/RING)  
COPYBF (EMPLIB, LIB, 1)  
LIB.  
UPDATE (P, N, W) (W makes new UPDATE library sequential.)  
FTN (I = COMPILE)  
LIB.  
UNLOAD (EMPLIB)  
7-8-9  
\$TOC  
\$COPY NEPHI CORRQ  
\$FILES BO LGO  
\$REFUSE NEPHI CORRQ, PHOTON, GROUND  
7-8-9  
(Update input with changes for subroutines PHOTON and GROUND.)  
7-8-9  
\$DROP NEPHI CORRQ  
\$DROPB NEPHI CORRQ  
\$ADD NEPHI CORRQ  
\$ADDB NEPHI CORRQ  
\$TOC  
6-7-8-9

More efficient use of the greater speed of disk files would be made by using the following control cards in the previous example:

JOB CM54000, TP1.  
REQUEST, ZAP. (540/RING)  
COPYBF (ZAP, EMPLIB, 100) (less than 100 files on ZAP)  
EMPLIB.  
UPDATE (P,N,W)  
FTN (I = COMPILE)  
EMPLIB.  
REWIND (EMPLIB, ZAP)  
COPYBF (EMPLIB, ZAP, LGO)  
UNLOAD (ZAP)  
7-8-9

3. Execution of one program.

JOB, CM54000, TP1.  
REQUEST, EMPLIB (540/NORING.)  
COPYBF (EMPLIB, LIB, 1)  
LIB.  
RETURN (EMPLIB)  
RFL,100000.  
REDUCE.  
XQT.  
7-8-9  
\$RUN NEPHI  
7-8-9

(Input data for NEPHI.)  
6-7-8-9

4. Execution of several programs.

JOB, CM54000, TP1.  
REQUEST, EMPLIB (540/NORING.)  
COPYBF (EMPLIB, LIB, 1)  
LIB.  
RETURN (EMPLIB)  
XQT.  
NEXT.  
LAST.  
7-8-9  
\$TOC  
\$COPYB PROG FIRST  
\$FILES BO NEXT  
\$RUN PROGSEC  
\$FILES BO LAST  
\$RUN PROGFIN  
7-8-9  
(Data for PROG/FIRST.)  
7-8-9  
(Data for PROGSEC.)  
7-8-9  
(Data for PROGFIN.)  
6-7-8-9



## Appendix A. SAMPLE OUTPUT

```

EMPJOB $$$ THE DATE IS 10/29/71 AND THE WORK FILES ARE
  BINARY OUTPUT = XGT      BINARY INPUT = LGO
  SOURCE OUTPUT = OLOPL    SOURCE INPUT = NEWPL
  EMP LIBRARY = EMPJOB    ARCHIVE KEEP = ARCHIV
  EMPJOB OUTPUT = OUTPUT   EMPJOB INPUT = INPUT

SCREATE
EMPJOB $$$ TOC MISSING ON EMPJOB .
EMPJOB $$$ CREATED EMPJOB ON FILE NAMED EMPJOB .

SCREATEARCH
EMPJOB $$$ CREATED ARCHIVE ON FILE NAMED ARCHIV .

EMPJOB $$$ FINISHED $$$

```



SELECTED	REFUSED
110	
SPLITA	PLOTR
SPLITC	LLL
	QUISLY
	FINDER
	LODVAL
	REDETC
	RIETEC
	ASTRAN
	OMPRAN
	RITRAN
	REORAN
	GLANKS
	EXPON
	LINES
	-END OF COPY-

```

      SREFUSE PROG VERS: 170, SPLITR, SPLITC
      EMPLIB $$$ CONT'ING THE FOLLOWING: 1.44MB, ALLOCATE 0MBU 400
      FROM THE 4TH FILE (BINARY PROG
      VFRS
      10/29/71 ) ON EMPLIB .

      LINES
      -END OF COPY-

      SELECTED
      REFUSED
      150

      PLOTR
      LLL

      QUBFIT
      FINDER
      LOCAL
      REDETC
      RITEFC
      RSTRAN
      DMPRAN
      NITRAN
      REDRAN
      BLANKS
      EXPON
  
```

LINES  
-END OF COPY-

```

SENDFILE 80
ENPLIO $$$ ENDFILED 80 FILE NAMED XOT .
SHEIND 80
ENPLIO $$$ REMOUND SO FILE NAMED NEW .
SFILES 80 800
ENPLIO $$$ MADE BINARY OUTPUT FILE 800 INSTEAD OF XOT .
SFIND8 PROG VERS
ENPLIO $$$ 1TH FILE FOUND (BINARY PROG
ENPLIO $$$ COPIED FILE FOUND TO 800 .
SFILES 80 CGO, 81 800
ENPLIO $$$ MADE BINARY OUTPUT FILE CGO INSTEAD OF 800 .
ENPLIO $$$ MADE BINARY INPUT FILE 800 INSTEAD OF 800 .
SHEIND 81
ENPLIO $$$ REMOUND 81 FILE NAMED 800 .
SSELECT .ISO,SPLITR,SPLITC
ENPLIO $$$ COPYING THE FOLLOWING BINARY RECORDS ONTO CGO FROM 800 .

```

SELECTED REFUSED

ISO

PLOTR  
LLL

SPLITR  
SPLITC

QUBFIT  
FINDER  
LOOVAL  
REDETC  
RITETC  
RSTRAM  
OMPRAM  
RITRAM  
REDRAM  
BLANKS  
EXPON  
LINES

-END OF COPY-

```

ENPLIO $$$ MAXIMUM RECORD LENGTH PROCESSED FOR SELECT-REFUSE WAS 2836. 5999 IS MAXIMUM ALLOWED.
ENPLIO $$$ FINISHED $$$

```

## Appendix B. PROGRAM LISTING

PROGRAM

EMPLIB

CDC 6600 FTM V3.0-P292 OPT=1 04

```

PROGRAM EMPLIB(XQT,OLOPL,LGO,EMPLIB=4000B,ARCHIV,INPUT=1000B,OUTPU
'T=1000B,NEWPL,TAPE4),TAPE1=XQT,TAPE2=OLOPL,TAPE3=LGO,TAPE4=EMPLIB,
'TAPES=ARCHIV,TAPE6=INPUT,TAPE7=OUTPUT,TAPE8=NEWPL)
COMMON /MXC/MX
COMMON //LMAX,A(6000)
COMMON /ARGS/NAME,IVERS,NAMOLD,IWOLD,NREC,NAMREC(100),JTOC,LASTF,
'IARCH
DIMENSION CARD(80),TOC(4,50),MODE(2)
COMMON /FILES/FILNAM(9),FETS(9),X(1)
DIMENSION CHAR(29)
INTEGER TOC,OLDATE,DDITE,A,CHAR,DOL,CARD,FILNAM
INTEGER X,FETS
DATA CHAR/3HRUN,4HCOPY,5HCOPY9,6HCHANGE,7HCHANGER,3HADD,4HADDB,4HD
'ROP,5HROPB,3HTOC,4HKEEP,5HKEEPB,6HCREATE,4HFIND,5HFINDB,7HHISTORY
',6HRENAME,7HRENAMEP,6HREFUSE,6HSELECT,5HFILES,6HREIND,7HENDFILE,
'AHNOREWIND,4HSKIP,5HSKIPB,10HCREATEARCH,7HREPLACE,8HREPLACEB/,NCHA
'R/29/
DATA DOL/1H$,MODE/5HSOURCE,6HBINARY/,LASTH/4HLAST/
LMAX=6000
MX=0
NOREW=0
IFLAG=0
JTOC=0
LASTF=0
IARCH=0
IRS=0
JCY=0
IFIRST=1
CALL FTMBIN(0,0)
CALL DATE(DDATE)
CALL GETFIL
PRINT 1,DDATE,FILNAM(1),FILNAM(3),FILNAM(2),FILNAM(8),FILNAM(4),F
'LNAM(5),FILNAM(7),FILNAM(6)
1 FORMAT(*1EMPLIB $$$ THE DATE IS *,A10,* AND THE WORK FILES ARE*/
35 '10X,*BINARY OUTPUT = *,A7,10X,*BINARY INPUT = *,A7,10X,*SOURCE O
'UTPUT = *,A7,10X,*SOURCE INPUT = *,A7,10X,*EMP LIBRARY = *,A7,1
'0X,*ARCHIVE KEEP = *,A7,10X,*EMPLIB OUTPUT = *,A7,10X,*EMPLIB INP
'UT = *,A7)
13 CONTINUE
40 READ 2,CARD
2 FORMAT(30A1)
IF(EOF(6).NE.0) GO TO 1000
IF(CARD(1).EQ.DOL) GO TO 20
PRINT 3
45 3 FORMAT(*0EMPLIB $$$ INVALID CONTROL CARD FOLLOWS, JOB WILL BE ABOR
'TED AFTER READING INPUT FILE.*)
IFLAG=1
2) PRINT 4,CARD
40 4 FORMAT(1H0,80A1)
50 IF(IFLAG.NE.0) GO TO 19
IF(IFIRST.NE.0) GO TO 2500
I=1
CALL NEXTWD(CARD(2),I,J,K)
IF(K.NE.0.OR.J.NE.CHAR(21)) GO TO 2500
55 IFIRST=1

```

PROGRAM EMBLIS

COC 6600 FTN V3.0-P292 OPT=1 04

```

        GO TO 30
2500    CONTINUE
        IF (JTOC.NE.0) GO TO 30
        CALL GETTOC(TOC,NFILES,JCR)
60      IF (JCR.EQ.1.AND.JTOC.EQ.0) PRINT 17,FILNAM(4)
17      FORMAT(* EMBLIS $$$ TOC MISSING ON *,A7,*,*)
        JTOC=1
        IF (JCR.EQ.1) JTOC=-1
        REMIND 4
65      LASTF=0
30      CALL ISIT (CHAR,CARD(2),NCHAR,JUMP,IFILE,TOC,ODATE,JCR,FILNAM)
        IF (JUMP.NE.0) GO TO 40
        PRINT 19
19      FORMAT(* EMBLIS $$$ WILL ABORT AFTER READING INPUT FILE.*)
70      IFLAG=1
        GO TO 10
40      CONTINUE
        GO TO (60,60,60,70,70,80,80,90,90,100,110,110,150,160,160,210,230,
        *230,240,240,10,10,10,250,260,260,270,280,280),JUMP
75      60      CONTINUE
        CALL POSFIL(4,LASTF,IFILE)
        K=1
        IF (JUMP.EQ.2) K=2
        CALL CPYFIL(4,K,0)
80      LASTF=IFILE
        J=TOC(4,IFILE)
        PRINT 6,IFILE,MODE(J),(TOC(I,IFILE),I=1,3),FILNAM(4),FILNAM(K)
6      FORMAT(* EMBLIS $$$ COPIED *,I2,*TH FILE (*,A7,3A10,*) FROM *,A7,*
        * TO *,A7,* FILE.*)
55      GO TO 10
70      CONTINUE
C CHANGE AND CHANGED
        L=7HCHANGED
        NAMOLD=TOC(1,IFILE)
90      IVOLD=TOC(2,IFILE)
75      CONTINUE
        OLDATE=TOC(3,IFILE)
        TOC(3,IFILE)=ODATE
        REMIND 4
95      REMIND 40
        CALL CPYFIL(4,40,NFILES)
        J=3
        IF (JUMP.EQ.5.OR.JUMP.EQ.29) J=3
        IF (NOREM.EQ.0) REMIND J
100     NOREM=0
        CALL NEWFIL(NFILES,TOC,IFILE,J)
        LASTF=0
        K=TOC(4,IFILE)
        PRINT 7,L,IFILE,MODE(K),NAMOLD,IVOLD,OLDATE,MODE(K),(
105     *TOC(I,IFILE),I=1,3),FILNAM(4),FILNAM(J)
7      FORMAT(* EMBLIS $$$ *,A9,      I2,*TH FILE (WAS *,A7,3A10,*, IS NOW
        * *,A7,3A10,*)*/20X,*ON *,A7,* USING CONTENTS OF *,A7,* FILE.*)
        GO TO 10
80      CONTINUE
110     C ADD AND ADD8

```



PROGRAM

EMPLIB

COC 6600 FTM V3.0-P292 OPT=1 04

```

      J=8
      IF(JUMP.EQ.7) J=3
      REWIND 4
      REWIND 40
115      IF(NOREW.EQ.J) READING J
      NOREW=0
      CALL CPYFIL(4,40,NFILES)
      NFILES=IFILE
      CALL NEWFIL(NFILES,TOC,NFILES,J)
120      LASTF=0
      K=TOC(4,IFILE)
      PRINT 8,IFILE,MODE(K),(TOC(I,IFILE),I=1,3),FILNAM(4),FILNAM(J)
      8      FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ ADDED *,I2,*TH FILE (*,A7,3A10,*) TO *,A7,* FR
      OM *,A7,* FILE.*)
125      GO TO 10
      90      CONTINUE
      C DROP AND DROPB
      REWIND 4
      REWIND 40
130      CALL CPYFIL(4,40,NFILES)
      J=TOC(4,IFILE)
      PRINT 9,IFILE,MODE(J),(TOC(I,IFILE),I=1,3),FILNAM(4)
      J=TOC(4,2)-1
      TOC(4,2)=J
135      IF(J.EQ.IFILE-1) GO TO 96
      DO 95 I=IFILE,J
      DO 95 K=1,4
      TOC(K,I)=TOC(K,I+1)
      95      CONTINUE
140      96      CONTINUE
      CALL NEWFIL(NFILES,TOC,IFILE,0)
      LASTF=0
      NFILES=NFILES-1
      9      FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ DROPPED *,I2,*TH FILE (*,A7,3A10,*) FROM *,A7,
145      *,*)
      GO TO 10
      100      CONTINUE
      C TOC
      PRINT 11,FILNAM(4)
150      11      FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ TABLE OF CONTENTS OF *,A7)
      DO 105 I=1,NFILES
      IF(I.EQ.2) GO TO 104
      K=TOC(4,I)
      PRINT 31,I,(TOC(J,I),J=1,3),MODE(K)
155      31      FORMAT(I2U,4(10X,A10))
      GO TO 105
      104      CONTINUE
      PRINT 32,(TOC(J,I),J=1,4)
160      32      FORMAT(20X,3(10X,A10),I5,* FILES ON LIBRARY*)
      105      CONTINUE
      GO TO 10
      C KEEP AND KEEPB
110      K=FETS(5)
      J=2*IARCH
165      IF(IARCH.NE.0) GO TO 120

```

PROGRAM EMPLIB

CDC 6600 FTM V3.0-P292 OPT=1 04

```

I=0
REWIND 5
120 BUFFER IN(5,1) (A,A(2))
I=I+1
170 IF(UNIT(5)) 130,125,2000
125 I=0
J=J+1
GO TO 120
130 IF(LENGTH(5).NE.1) GO TO 120
175 IF(A(1).NE.LASTH) GO TO 120
IARCH=J/2
140 CALL SKIPB(X(K),1)
CALL POSFIL(4,LASTF,IFILE)
BUFFER OUT(5,1) (TOC(1,IFILE),TOC(4,IFILE))
180 IF(UNIT(5).GE.0) GO TO 2010
ENDFILE 5
CALL CPYFIL(4,5,1)
LASTF=IFILE
185 BUFFER OUT(5,1) (LASTH,LASTH)
IF(UNIT(5).GE.0.0) GO TO 2010
BACKSPACE 5
IARCH=IARCH+1
I=IARCH
J=TOC(4,IFILE)
190 PRINT 12,IFILE,MODE(J),(TOC(K,IFILE),K=1,3),FILNAM(4),FILNAM(5),I,
*FILNAM(5)
12 FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ KEPT *,I2,*TH FILE (*,A7,3A10,*) FROM *,A7,* 0
*N *,A7,* FILE.*/I20,* SOURCE AND BINARY FILES NOW KEPT ON *,A7,* F
*ILE.*)
195 GO TO 10
150 CONTINUE
C CREATE
REWIND 4
230 CALL CPYFIL(4,40,1)
CALL NEWFIL(1,TOC,0,0)
REWIND 4
LASTF=0
PRINT 16,FILNAM(4)
235 FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ CREATED EMPLIB ON FILE NAMED *,A7,*.)
JTOC=0
GO TO 10
160 CONTINUE
C FIND AND FINDB
IARCH=0
210 REWIND 5
I=0
M=1
IF(JUMP.EQ.15) M=2
J=1
215 170 BUFFER IN(5,1) (A,A(4))
I=I+1
180 IF(UNIT(5)) 190,180,2020
I=0
J=J+1
220 GO TO 170

```

PROGRAM

EMPLIB

CDC 6600 FTM V3.0-P292 OPT=1 04

```

190  L=LENGTH(5)
    IF(A(1).NE.LASTH.OR.L.NE.1) GO TO 200
    PRINT 21,MODE(M),NAME,IVERS,FILNAM(5)
21   FORMAT(* EMLIB $$$ FILE SOUGHT (*,A7,2A10,*) IS NOT ON *,A7,*.*)
225  IFLAG=1
    GO TO 10
230  IF(L.NE.4) GO TO 170
    IF(M.NE.A(4).OR.NAME.NE.A(1).OR.IVERS.NE.A(2)) GO TO 170
    I=J/2+1
233  PRINT 22,I,MODE(M),A(1),A(2),A(3),FILNAM(5)
22   FORMAT(* EMLIB $$$ *,I2,*TH FILE FOUND (*,A7,3A10,*) ON *,A7,*.*)
    BUFFER IN(5,1) (A,A)
    IF(UNIT(5).NE.0) GO TO 2020
    M=3-M
235  CALL CPYFIL(5,M,0)
    PRINT 23,FILNAM(M)
23   FORMAT(* EMLIB $$$ COPIED FILE FOUND TO *,A7,*.*)
    IARCH=I
    GO TO 10
240  210 CONTINUE
    C HISTORY
    PRINT 25,FILNAM(5)
25   FORMAT(* EMLIB $$$ HISTORY OF *,A7)
    REMIND 5
245  I=0
220  I=I+1
    IARCH=I-1
    BUFFER IN(5,1) (A,A(4))
    IF(UNIT(5).GE.0) GO TO 2030
250  IF(LENGTH(5).NE.1.OR.A(1).NE.LASTH) GO TO 225
    BACKSPACE 5
    GO TO 10
225  CONTINUE
    K=A(4)
255  PRINT 26,I,(A(J),J=1,3),MODE(K)
26   FORMAT(21X,*KEEP NO. *,I4,1JX,4A10)
    BUFFER IN(5,1) (A,A)
    IF(UNIT(5).NE.0) GO TO 2030
    CALL CPYFIL(5,0,1)
259  GO TO 220
230  CONTINUE
    C RENAME AND RENAMEB
    REMIND 4
    REMIND 40
265  CALL CPYFIL(4,40,NFILES)
    CALL NEWFIL(NFILES,TOC,0,0)
    LASTF=0
    K=TOC(4,IFILE)
    PRINT 28,IFILE,MODE(K),NAMOLD,IWOLO,TOC(3,IFILE),MODE(K),(TOC(I,IF
270  'ILE),I=1,3)
28   FORMAT(* EMLIB $$$ RENAMED *,I2,*TH FILE (WAS *,A7,3A10,*, IS NOW
    ' *,A7,3A10,*.*)
    GO TO 10
240  CONTINUE
275  C REFUSE AND SELECT

```

PROGRAM EMLIB

CDC 660J FTM V3.0-P292 OPT=1 04

```

      IRS=1
      IF(IFILE.EQ.0) GO TO 245
      CALL POSFIL(4, LASTF, IFILE)
      K=TOC(4, IFILE)
280      PRINT 29, FILNAM(1), IFILE, MODE(K), (TOC(I, IFILE), I=1, 3), FILNAM(4)
      29      FORMAT(* EMLIB $$$ COPYING THE FOLLOWING BINARY RECORDS ONTO *, A7
*, * FROM THE *, I2, *TH FILE (*, A7, 3A10, *) ON *, A7, *. *//45X, *SELECTED
*, *7X, *REFUSED*/)
      K=NREC
285      IF(JUMP.EQ.20) K=-K
      CALL CPYREC(4, 1, NAMREC, K)
      LASTF=IFILE
      GO TO 10
      245      CONTINUE
290      PRINT 36, FILNAM(1), FILNAM(3)
      36      FORMAT(* EMLIB $$$ COPYING THE FOLLOWING BINARY RECORDS ONTO *, A7
*, * FROM *, A7, *. *//45X, *SELECTED*, *7X, *REFUSED*/)
      K=NREC
295      IF(JUMP.EQ.20) K=-K
      CALL CPYREC(3, 1, NAMREC, K)
      GO TO 10
      250      CONTINUE
      C NOREWIND
      NOREW=1
300      GO TO 10
      260      CONTINUE
      C SKIP AND SKIPB
      I=8
      IF(JUMP.EQ.26) I=3
305      CALL CPYFIL(I, 0, IFILE)
      PRINT 33, IFILE, FILNAM(I)
      33      FORMAT(* EMLIB $$$ SKIPPED*, I4, * FILES ON *, A7, *. *)
      GO TO 10
      270      CONTINUE
310      C CREATEARCH
      REMIND 5
      IARCH=0
      A(1)=4HLAST
      BUFFER OUT(5, 1) (A, A)
315      IF(UNIT(5).GE.0.0) GO TO 2010
      REMIND 5
      PRINT 35, FILNAM(5)
      35      FORMAT(* EMLIB $$$ CREATED .ARCHIVE ON FILE NAMED *, A7, *. *)
      GO TO 10
320      280      CONTINUE
      C REPLACE AND REPLACB
      L=8HREPLACED
      GO TO 75
      1000      CONTINUE
325      M=LMAX-1
      IF(IRS.NE.0) PRINT 34, MX, M
      34      FORMAT(*OEMLIB $$$ MAXIMUM RECORD LENGTH PROCESSED FOR SELECT-REF
*USE WAS*, I5, *. *, I6, * IS MAXIMUM ALLOWED. *)
      IF(IFLAG.EQ.0) PRINT 13
330      13      FORMAT(*OEMLIB $$$ FINISHED $$$*)

```

PROGRAM

EMPLIB

CDC 6600 FTN V3.0-P292 OPT=1 04

```
      REWIND 4
      DO 1010 J=1,2
      I=FETS(J)
335      IF((X(I).AND.508).NE.20) GO TO 1010
      ENDFILE J
      CALL SKIP8(X(I),0)
      1010 CONTINUE
      IF(IFLAG.EQ.0) STOP
      PRINT 18
340      18 FORMAT(*EMPLIB $$$ ABORTING $$$*)
      CALL ABORT
      2000 CONTINUE
      PRINT 14,I,J,FILNAM(5)
      14 FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ KEEP READ PARITY ERROR ON*,I5,*TH RECORD ON*,I
345      *3,*TH FILE ON *,A7,*.**)
      CALL ABORT
      2010 CONTINUE
      PRINT 15,FILNAM(5)
      15 FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ KEEP WRITE PARITY ERROR ON *,A7,*.**)
350      CALL ABORT
      2020 CONTINUE
      PRINT 24,FILNAM(5)
      24 FORMAT(* ENPLIB $$$ FIND READ ERROR ON *,A7,*.**)
      CALL ABORT
355      2030 CONTINUE
      PRINT 27,FILNAM(5)
      27 FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ HISTORY READ ERROR ON *, A7,*.**)
      CALL ABORT
      END
```

SUBROUTINE GETTOC

CDC 6600 FTA V3.0-P270 CP7-1 01

```

SUBROUTINE GETTOC(TOC,NFILES,JCR)
DIMENSION TOC(4,50)
REWIND 4
JCR=0
5  CALL CPYFIL(4,0,1)
   BUFFER IN(4,1) (TOC,TOC(4,50))
   IF(UNIT(4)) 10,20,100
10  NFILES=LENGTH(4)/4
   RETURN
10 20  NFILES=2
   JCR=1
   RETURN
100 PRINT 1
1  FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ GETTOC PARITY ERROR*)
15 CALL ABORT
   END

```

## SUBROUTINE CPYFIL

CDC 6600 FTN V3.0-P270 OPT=1 01

```

SUBROUTINE CPYFIL(IIN,IOUT,NF)
COMMON //LPAX,A(1)
COMMON /FILES/FILNAM(9),FETS(9),X(1)
INTEGER FILNAM,FETS,X
5  IF(IOUT.GT.0) GO TO 30
   DO 20 I=1,NF
10  BUFFER IN(IIN,1) (A,A)
   IF(UNIT(IIN)) 10,20,200
20  CONTINUE
10  RETURN
30  CONTINUE
   LMX=512*(LMAX/512)
   JIN=MIN0(9,IIN)
   JOUT=MIN0(9,IOUT)
15  J=FETS(JIN)
   K=FETS(JOUT)
   DO 40 I=1,NF
35  CONTINUE
20  CALL CPYBUF(A,A(LMX+2),X(J),X(K),IER)
   IF(IER.NE.1) GO TO 36
   IF(I.NE.1) GO TO 400
   PRINT 3,FILNAM(IIN)
3  FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ *,A7,* INITIALLY PCSITICNEC AT END-OF-INFCRMAT
25  *ION, EMPLIB ABCRTIME.*)
   CALL ABCRT
36  CONTINUE
   IF(IER.NE.0) GO TO 300
   IF(NF.GT.0) ENCFILF IOUT
40  CONTINUE
30  RETURN
200 CONTINUE
   PRINT 1,I,FILNAM(JIN)
1  FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ CPYFIL READ PARITY ERROR IN*,I3,*TH FILE (FROM
35  * START OF CCPY) ON *,A7,*.*)
   CALL ABCRT
300 CONTINUE
   PRINT 2,FILNAM(JIN),FILNAM(JOUT),I,IER
2  FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ I/O ERROR IN CPYBUF WHILE COPYING *,A8,*TC *,A
40  *,*, FILE NUMBER*,I3/20X,*ERROR CODE IN CCTAL IS *,C20)
   CALL ABCRT
400 CONTINUE
   PRINT 5,FILNAM(JIN),I,NF
5  FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ END-OF-INFORMATION ENCOUNTERED COPYING*,I3,*TH
45  * OF*,I3,* FILES (FROM START OF CCPY) ON *,A7,*.*)
   CALL ABCRT
END

```

SUBROUTINE GETFIL

CDC 6600 F1A V3.0-P270 OPT=1 0

```

SUBROUTINE GETFIL
COMMON /FILES/FILNAM(9),FETS(9),X(1)
INTEGER FILNAM,FETS,X
DATA MASK/777777B/
5  L=LOC(X)
   DO 10 I=1,9
   J=2-L*I
   FILNAM(I)=X(J)
10  J=FILNAM(I).AND.MASK
   FETS(I)=J-L+1
   CONTINUE
   RETURN
   END
```



## CUC 6600 FTA V3.0-P270 OPT=1 01

34

CCHPASS - VER 2.

01/10/72 11.12.49.

```
IDENT SKIPB
ENTRY SKIPB
EXT CPC
VFD 30/5HSKIPB,30/1
SKIPB BSS 1
      SX7 A0
      SA7 SAVA0
      SA2 A1+1
      SA1 X2
      SA1 X1
      NZ X3,SKIPFIL
      RJ CPC
      VFD 10/3,2/1,22/1,10/640B
      EQ RET
SKIPFIL SA4 ARG
      LX3 10
      BX6 X3+X4
      SA6 ARGLOC
      RJ CPC
ARGLOC BSS 1
RET    SA5 SAVA0
      SA0 X5
      EQ SKIPB
SAVA0  BSS 1
ARG    VFD 10/3,2/1,22/0,4/178,14/640B
      END
STORAGE USED      26 STATEMENTS
6600 ASSEMBLY    0.121 SECONDS
```

7 SYMBOLS  
16 REFERENCES

CCMPASS - VER 2. 01/18/72 11.12.50.

IDENT CPYBUF  
ENTRY CPYBUF  
VFU 36/6HCPYBUF,24/5  
CPYBUF

BSS 1  
SB7 1  
SC6 B7+B7  
SA2 A1+B7  
SA3 A1+B6  
SA4 A2+B6  
SA5 A3+B6  
SX6 A0  
SA6 AZERO  
BX7 X5  
SA7 IER  
MX7 0  
SA7 X5  
SA7 FLAG  
BX6 X1  
SA6 BOUNDS  
BX7 X2  
SA7 A6+B7  
SA1 X3+B7  
SA2 A1+B7  
BX6 X1  
BX7 X2  
SA1 A2+B7  
SA2 A1+B7  
SA6 SAVE  
SA7 A6+B7  
BX6 X1  
BX7 X2  
SA6 A7+B7  
SA7 A6+B7  
SA1 X4+B7  
SA2 A1+B7  
BX6 X1  
BX7 X2  
SA1 A2+B7  
SA2 A1+B7  
SA6 A7+B7  
SA7 A6+B7  
BX6 X1  
BX7 X2  
SA6 A7+B7  
SA7 A6+B7  
SA1 BOUNDS  
SR2 X1  
SA2 A1+B7  
SB1 X2  
SA1 X3+B7  
MX0 42  
SX7 B2  
BX6 X1\*X0  
BX6 X6\*X7  
SA6 X3+B7  
SA7 A6+B7  
SA7 A7+B7

X3 TO CONTAIN ADDRESS OF FILEIN  
X4 SAME FOR FILECUT

LOOP

COMPASS - VER 2.

01/18/72 11.12.50.

SA1 A1+3  
SX2 B1  
BX6 X1\*X0  
BX7 X6+X2  
SA7 A7+B7  
SX1 12B  
SA2 X3  
BX6 X0\*X2  
BX7 X6+X1  
SA7 X3  
SA1 CIOMORO  
BX6 X1+X3  
SA6 B7  
RECALL SA5 B7  
NZ X5,RECALL  
SA1 X3  
SX0 37000B  
BX2 X1\*X0  
ZR X2,OK  
SX0 3000B  
BX2 X1\*X0  
NZ X2,EOI  
SA5 IER  
BX6 X1  
SA6 X5  
EQ RETURN  
FOI SX2 740033B  
MX0 42  
BX6 X0\*X1  
BX6 X6+X2  
SA6 X3  
SA2 FLAG  
NZ X2,RETURN  
SX6 B7  
SA2 IER  
SA6 X2  
EQ RETURN  
CK SX0 77B  
BX7 X0\*X1  
SX0 33B  
IX6 X7-X0  
ZR X6,RETURN  
SA1 X3+B7  
SA2 X4+B7  
MX0 42  
BX6 -X0\*X1  
BX7 X0\*X2  
BX7 X6+X7  
SA7 A2  
SA1 A1+B7  
BX6 X1  
SA6 A7+B7  
SA2 A1+B7  
BX7 X2  
SA7 A6+B7  
SA1 A2+B7  
SA2 A7+B7

CCHPASS - VER 2. 01/18/72 11.12.50.

```

BX6 -X0*X1
BX7 X0*X2
BX7 X6+X7
SA7 A2
SX6 B7
SA7 FLAG
SA1 X3
SA2 X4
SX3 X1
SX6 B3+3
BX7 X0*X2
BX7 X6+X7
SA7 X4
SA1 CIONWORD
BX6 X1+X4
SA6 B7
RECALLA SA5 B7
NZ X5,RECALLA
SA1 X4
SX0 370008
BX2 X1*X0
ZR X2,OKA
S15 IER
BX6 X1
SA6 X5
EQ RETURN
OKA SB1 -378
SB2 X1+B1
NE B2,LOOP
RETURN SA1 SAVE
SA2 A1+B7
MX0 42
SA5 X3+B7
BX6 -X0*X1
BX5 X0*X5
BX6 X6+X5
BX7 X2
SA1 A2+B7
SA2 A1+B7
SA5 X3+4
SA6 X3+B7
SA7 A6+B7
BX6 X1
BX7 -X0*X2
BX5 X0*X5
BX7 X7+X5
SA6 A7+B7
SA7 A6+B7
SA1 A2+B7
SA2 A1+B7
SA5 X4+B7
BX6 -X0*X1
BX5 X0*X5
BX6 X6+X5
BX7 X2
SA1 A2+B7
SA2 A1+B7
```

COMPASS - VER 2. 01/10/72 11.12.50.

```
SAS X4+4
      SA6 X4+87
SA7 A6+87
BX6 X1
BX7 -X0*X2
BX5 X0*X5
BX7 X7+X5
SA6 A7+87
SA7 A6+87
SA1 AZERO
SA0 X1
EQ CPYBUF
IER BSS 1
AZERO BSS 1
BOUNDS BSS 2
FLAG BSS 1
SAVE BSS 8
C:ONWORD VFD 18/3HC10,2/1,40/0
      END
STORAGE USED      190 STATEMENTS      14 SYMBCLS
6600 ASSEMBLY      0.536 SECONDS      42 REFERENCES
```

SUBROUTINE NEWFIL

CDC 6600 FTR V3.0-P270 OP1=1 01

```

      SUBROUTINE NEWFIL(NFILES,TOC,IFILE,J)
      DIMENSION TOC(4,NFILES)
      REWIND 4
      REWIND 40
5      L=MAX0(2,NFILES)
      K=L
      IF(IFILE.NE.0.AND.J.EQ.0) K=K-1
      DO 30 I=1,L
      IF(I.NE.2) GO TO 10
10     BUFFER OUT(4,1) (TOC,TOC(4,K))
      IF(UNIT(4).GE.C.0) GO TO 100
      ENDFILE 4
      IF(NFILES.NE.1) CALL CPYFIL(40,0,1)
      GO TO 30
15     IF(I.NE.IFILE) GO TO 20
      IF(NFILES.NE.IFILE) CALL CPYFIL(40,0,1)
      IF(J.NE.0) CALL CPYFIL(J,4,1)
      GO TO 30
20     CALL CPYFIL(40,4,1)
20     30 CONTINUE
      REWIND 4
      RETURN
      100 CONTINUE
      PRINT 1
25     1 FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ TOC WRITE PARITY ERROR IN NEWFIL.*)
      CALL ABORT
      END
```

SUBROUTINE POSFIL

CDC 6600 FTA V3.0-P270 OPT=1 0

```

      SUBROUTINE POSFIL(N, LASTF, IFILE)
      COMMON /FILES/ FILNAM(9), FETS(9), X(1)
      INTEGER FILNAM, FETS, X
      IF(IFILE.GT.LASTF) GO TO 10
      I=FETS(N)
      CALL SKIPB(X(I), LASTF-IFILE+1)
      GO TO 30
      10  JFILES=IFILE-LASTF-1
      IF(JFILES.EQ.0) GO TO 30
      CALL CPYFIL(M, 0, JFILES)
      30  LASTF=IFILE-1
      RETURN
      END
```



## SUBROUTINE ISIT

CDC 6600 FYN V3.C-P292 OPT=1 04

```

SUBROUTINE ISIT(CHAR,CARD,NCHAR,JUMP,IFILE,TOC,DDATE,JCR,FILNAM)
COMMON /ARGS/NAME,IVERS,NAMEOLD,IVOLD,NREC,NAMEREC(100),JTOC,LASTF,
'IARCH
INTEGER FILTYP(8),NTYP(8)
INTEGER FILNAM(1)
DIMENSION CARD(79),TOC(4,1),CHAR(1)
DIMENSION MODEH(2)
DIMENSION NUMS(10)
INTEGER CARD,TOC,DDATE,CHAR
DATA FILTYP/2HE0,2H9I,2H50,2H5I,1HL,1HA,1HO,1HI/,NTYP/1,3-2,8,4,5,
'7,6/
DATA IB/1H /,MASK/77B/
DATA MODEH/6H5OURCE,6H0INARY/
DATA NUMS/1H0,1H1,1H2,1H3,1H4,1H5,1H6,1H7,1H8,1H9/
JUMP=0
NAME=IB
IST=1
CALL NEXTND(CARD,IST,NAME,JFLAG)
IF(JFLAG.EQ.0) GO TO 10
PRINT 1,CARD
FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ IMPROPER DIRECTIVE ON CARD.**,79A1)
CONTINUE
DO 40 JUMP=1,NCHAR
IF(CHAR(JUMP).EQ.NAME) GO TO 50
CONTINUE
PRINT 2,NAME,CARD
FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ UNRECOGNIZABLE DIRECTIVE.**,A10,**,79A1)
JUMP=0
RETURN
CONTINUE
IF(JUMP.EQ.27) RETURN
IF(JUMP.EQ.13) GO TO 300
IF(JUMP.EQ.21) GO TO 500
IF(JCR.EQ.0) GO TO 55
IF(JUMP.GE.13.AND.JUMP.LE.17.AND.JUMP.NE.15) GO TO 55
JUMP=0
PRINT 7,NAME
FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ DIRECTIVE REQUIRES TABLE OF CONTENTS, WHICH HAS
NOT BEEN CREATED.**,A10)
RETURN
IF(JUMP.EQ.10.OR.JUMP.EQ.16) RETURN
IF(JUMP.EQ.24) RETURN
IF(JUMP.EQ.25.OR.JUMP.EQ.26) GO TO 600
IF(JUMP.EQ.22.OR.JUMP.EQ.23) GO TO 700
NAME=IB
CALL NEXTND(CARD,IST,NAME,JFLAG)
IF(JFLAG.NE.1.OR.(JUMP.NE.19.AND.JUMP.NE.20)) GO TO 56
IFILE=0
GO TO 630
CONTINUE
IF(JFLAG) 70,80,60
CONTINUE
PRINT 3,NAME,CARD
FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ CANNOT FIND PROGRAM NAME ON CARD.**,79A1)
JUMP=0

```

```

      RETURN
      CONTINUE
      PRINT 4,NAME,CARD
60      4      FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ PROGRAM NAME TOO LONG.*,A10,*,*,79A1)
      JUMP=0
      RETURN
      80      CONTINUE
      IVERS=19
      65      CALL NEXTWD(CARD,IST,IVERS,JFLAG)
      IF(JFLAG.GE.0) GO TO 100
      PRINT 5,IVERS,CARD
      5      FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ VERSION NAME TOO LONG.*,A10,*,*,79A1)
      JUMP=0
      RETURN
      70      100      CONTINUE
      IF(JFLAG.EQ.1) IST=IST-1
      IF(JUMP.EQ.14.OR.JUMP.EQ.15) RETURN
      N=TOC(4,2)
      MODE=1
      75      IF(JUMP.EQ.29) MODE=2
      IF(JUMP.EQ.3.OR.JUMP.EQ.5.OR.JUMP.EQ.9) MODE=2
      IF(JUMP.EQ.1.OR.JUMP.EQ.7.OR.JUMP.EQ.12.OR.(JUMP.GE.16.AND.JUMP.LE
      *20)) MODE=2
      DO 160 IFILE=1,N
      80      IF(TOC(4,IFILE).EQ.MODE.AND.TOC(1,IFILE).EQ.NAME.AND.TOC(2,IFILE).
      *EQ.IVERS) GO TO 170
      IF(JUMP.NE.1.OR.TOC(4,IFILE).NE.MODE.OR.TOC(1,IFILE).NE.NAME) GO T
      *O 160
      C RUN
      85      IVERS=TOC(2,IFILE)
      RETURN
      160      CONTINUE
      IF(JUMP.EQ.6.OR.JUMP.EQ.7) GO TO 180
      PRINT 6,NAME,IVERS
      90      6      FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ *,2A10,* NOT IN TOC.*)
      JUMP=0
      RETURN
      170      CONTINUE
      IF(JUMP.EQ.6.OR.JUMP.EQ.7) GO TO 185
      95      C RUN, COPY, COPYB, KEEP, AND KEEPB
      IF(JUMP.EQ.1.OR.JUMP.EQ.2.OR.JUMP.EQ.3.OR.JUMP.EQ.11.OR.JUMP.EQ.12
      *) RETURN
      IF(JUMP.NE.4.AND.JUMP.NE.5) GO TO 190
      C CHANGE AND CHANGED
      RETURN
      100      180      CONTINUE
      C ADD AND ADDB
      IFILE=TOC(4,2)+1
      TOC(4,2)=IFILE
      105      TOC(1,IFILE)=NAME
      TOC(2,IFILE)=IVERS
      TOC(3,IFILE)=ODATE
      TOC(4,IFILE)=JUMP-5
      RETURN
      110      185      CONTINUE

```

```

      J=TOC(4,IFILE)
      PRINT 11,IFILE,MODEM(J),(TOC(1,IFILE),I=1,3)
11  FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ ADDING FILE ALREADY IN TOC IS NOT PERMITTED. *
      ** FILE IS *,I2,* FILE (*,A7,3A10,*).*)
115  JUMP=0
      RETURN
190  IF(JUMP.NE.8.AND.JUMP.IE.9) GO TO 210
C  DROP AND DROPB
      IF(IFILE.GT.2) RETURN
120  PRINT 8
      3  FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ DROPPING LIBRARIAN OR TABLE OF CONTENTS IS NOT
      * PERMITTED. *)
      JUMP=0
      RETURN
125  210  IF(JUMP.NE.17.AND.JUMP.NE.18) GO TO 600
C  RENAME AND RENAMEB
      CALL NEXTWD(CARD,IST,NAME,JFLAG)
      IF(JFLAG.EQ.1) GO TO 220
130  215  PRINT 12,CARD
      12  FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ MISSING COMMA. ',79A1)
      JUMP=0
      RETURN
      220  NAME=IB
      CALL NEXTWD(CARD,IST,NAME,JFLAG)
135  IF(JFLAG) 230,250,240
      230  PRINT 4,NAME,CARD
      JUMP=0
      RETURN
      240  PRINT 3,NAME,CARD
140  JUMP=0
      RETURN
      250  IVERS=IB
      CALL NEXTWD(CARD,IST,IVERS,JFLAG)
      IF(JFLAG.GE.J) GO TO 260
145  255  PRINT 5,IVERS,CARD
      JUMP=0
      RETURN
      260  CONTINUE
150  NAHOLD=TOC(1,IFILE)
      IVOLO=TOC(2,IFILE)
      TOC(1,IFILE)=NAME
      TOC(2,IFILE)=IVERS
      RETURN
155  300  CONTINUE
C  CREATE
      TOC(1,2)=3HTOC
      TOC(2,2)=IB
      TOC(3,2)=DDATE
      TOC(4,2)=2
160  TOC(1,1)=6HEMPLIB
      TOC(2,1)=IB
      TOC(3,1)=DDATE
      TOC(4,1)=2
      JCR=0
165  RETURN

```

```

500 CONTINUE
C FILES
510 CALL NEXTWD(CARD,IST,NAME,JFLAG)
IF(JFLAG.EQ.2) RETURN
170 IF(JFLAG) 520,530,510
520 PRINT 13,NAME,CARD
13 FORMAT(* ENPLIB $$$ WORD IS TOO LONG.*,A10,*,**79A1)
JUMP=0
RETURN
175 530 CONTINUE
DO 540 I=1,8
IF(NAME.EQ.FILTYP(I)) GO TO 550
540 CONTINUE
PRINT 14,NAME,FILTYP
180 14 FORMAT(* ENPLIB $$$ FILE TYPE *,A10,* IS NOT ONE OF THE ALLOWED FO
'RMS *,8A3,*,*)
JUMP=0
RETURN
185 550 IFILE=NTYP(I)
CALL NEXTWD(CARD,IST,NAME,JFLAG)
IF(JFLAG) 520,560,540
560 CALL SWAPFIL(IFILE,NAME)
IF(IFILE.NE.4.AND.IFILE.NE.5) GO TO 510
IF(IFILE.EQ.4) GO TO 570
190 REWIND 5
IARCH=0
GO TO 510
570 REWIND 4
LASTF=0
195 JTOC=0
GO TO 510
630 CONTINUE
C REFUSE AND SELECT
IF(JUMP.NE.19.AND.JUMP.NE.20) GO TO 700
200 NREC=0
KFLAG=0
610 CALL NEXTWD(CARD,IST,NAME,JFLAG)
IF(JFLAG.EQ.2) GO TO 640
IF(JFLAG) 520,620,630
205 620 NREC=NREC+1
IF(NREC.GT.100) GO TO 650
NAMREC(NREC)=NAME
KFLAG=0
GO TO 610
210 630 KFLAG=1
GO TO 610
640 IF(KFLAG.EQ.0) RETURN
READ 15,CARD
215 15 FORMAT(79A1)
PRINT 16,CARD
16 FORMAT(1X,79A1)
KFLAG=0
IST=1
GO TO 610
220 650 PRINT 17

```

## SUBROUTINE ISIT

CDC 6630 FTN V3.0-P292 OPT=1 04

```

17  FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ MORE THAN 100 RECORD NAMES GIVEN -- TOO MANY.*
    ')
    JUMP=0
    RETURN
225 790  CONTINUE
    IF(JUMP.NE.22.AND.JUMP.NE.23) GO TO 930
C  REWIND AND ENDFILE
    NAME=IB
    CALL NEXTWD(CARD,IST,NAME,JFLAG)
230  IF(JFLAG.EQ.0) GO TO 710
    PRINT 18,NAME,CARD
19  FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ ILLEGAL FILE TYPE.**,A10,**,79A1)
    JUMP=0
    RETURN
235 710  DO 720 I=1,8
    IF(NAME.EQ.FILTYP(I)) GO TO 730
720  CONTINUE
    PRINT 14,NAME,FILTYP
    JUMP=0
    RETURN
240 730  J=I
    I=NTYP(I)
    IF(JUMP.EQ.23) GO TO 750
    IF(I.NE.6.AND.I.NE.7.AND.I.NE.4) GO TO 740
245 735  PRINT 19,CHAR(JUMP),FILTYP(J)
19  FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ **,A10,* IS AN ILLEGAL DIRECTIVE FOR THE FILE T
    YPE **,A2,*,*)
    JUMP=0
    RETURN
250 740  REWIND I
    NAME=7HREWOUND
745  PRINT 20,NAME,FILTYP(J),FILNAM(I)
20  FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ **,A9,A2,* FILE NAMED **,A7,*,*)
    RETURN
255 750  IF(I.NE.1.AND.I.NE.2) GO TO 735
    ENDFILE I
    NAME=8HENDFILED
    GO TO 745
700  CONTINUE
260 C  SKIP AND SKIPB
    CALL NEXTWD(CARD,IST,NAME,JFLAG)
    IF(JFLAG.NE.2) GO TO 810
    IFILE=1
    RETURN
265 810  IF(JFLAG.EQ.0) GO TO 820
    PRINT 21,NAME
21  FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ ILLEGAL NUMBER.**,A10)
    JUMP=0
    RETURN
270 820  IFILE=0
    I=SHIFT(MASK,54)
    DO 850 J=1,3
    L=I.AND.NAME
    IF(L.EQ.(I.AND.ID)) RETURN
275  DO 830 K=1,10

```

SUBROUTINE ISIT

CNC 6600 FTM V3.0-P292 OPT=1 04

```

      IF (L.EQ.(I.AND.SHIFT(NUMS(K),66-6*J))) GO TO 840
280      830      CONTINUE
          PRINT 21, NAME
          JUMP=0
          RETURN
      840      IFILE=10*IFILE+K-1
      850      I=SHIFT(I,54)
          RETURN
      900      CONTINUE
285      C REPLACE AND REPLACEB
          NAMOLD=TOC(1,IFILE)
          IVOLD=TOC(2,IFILE)
          CALL NEXTWD(CARD,IST,NAME,JFLAG)
          IF(JFLAG.NE.1) GO TO 215
290      NAME=IB
          CALL NEXTWD(CARD,IST,NAME,JFLAG)
          IF(JFLAG)230,920,240
      920      IVERS=IB
          CALL NEXTWD(CARD,IST,IVERS,JFLAG)
295      IF(JFLAG.LT.0) GO TO 255
          GO TO 260
          END

```

SUBROUTINE NEXTMD

CDC 6600 FTA V3.0-P270 OPT=1 01

```

      SUBROUTINE NEXTMD(CARD,IST,NAME,JFLAG)
      INTEGER CARD(1)
      JFLAG=-1 IS ERPOP, 0 IS NORMAL RETURN, 1 IS COMMA, 2 IS EMPTY CARD
      NAME=1H
      JFLAG=2
5      IF(IST.GT.79) RETURN
      DO 10 I=IST,79
      IF(CARD(I).EC.1H,) GO TO 40
      IF(CARD(I).EC.1H.) GO TO 15
10      IF(CARD(I).NF.1H ) GC TO 20
      10 CONTINUE
      15 IST=80
      RETURN
      20 I=I-1
      15 JFLAG=0
      DO 30 J=1,11
      IST=J+I
      IF(IST.GT.79) RETURN
      IF(CARD(IST).EC.1H,) RETURN
      IF(CARD(IST).EC.1H ) RETURN
20      IF(J.LT.11) CALL APPEND(J,CARD(IST),NAME)
      30 CCNTINUE
      JFLAG=-1
      RETURN
      25 40 IST=I+1
      JFLAG=1
      RETURN
      END
```

SUBROUTINE APPEND

CDC 6600 FTA V3.0-P270 OPT=1 01

5 SUBROUTINE APPEND(I,CHAR,X)  
DATA MASK/778/  
ITEMP=SHIFT(MASK,60-6\*I)  
JTEMP=SHIFT(CHAR,6-6\*I)  
JTEMP=ITEMP.AND.JTEMP  
X=X.AND..NOT.ITEMP  
X=X.OR.JTEMP  
RETURN  
END



```

SUBROUTINE CPYREC(IIN,IOUT,NAMREC,NREC)
COMMON /MXC/MX
COMMON //LMAX,A(1)
DIMENSION NAMREC(1)
5      INTEGER A
      DATA MASK/77B/,IB/1H /
      N=IABS(NREC)
10     CONTINUE
      BUFFER IN(IIN,1) (A,A(LMAX))
10     IF(UNIT(IIN)) 30,20,100
20     PRINT 1
1      FORMAT(50X,*-END OF COPY-*)
      RETURN
30     L=LENGTH(IIN)
15     IF(L.EQ.0) GO TO 90
      MX=MAX0(MX,L)
      IX=IB
      DO 40 I=1,7
20     M=SHIFT(MASK,60-5*I)
      IF((A(2).AND.M).EQ.0) GO TO 50
      IX=(IX.AND..NOT.M).OR.(A(2).AND.M)
40     CONTINUE
      DO 80 I=1,N
25     IF(IX.EQ.NAMREC(I).AND.NREC.LT.0) GO TO 60
      IF(IX.EQ.NAMREC(I).AND.NREC.GT.0) GO TO 70
      IF(I.EQ.N.AND.NREC.GT.0) GO TO 60
      IF(I.EQ.N) GO TO 70
      GO TO 80
30     60     BUFFER OUT(IOUT,1) (A,A(L))
      IF(UNIT(IOUT).GE.0) GO TO 110
      PRINT 2,IX
2      FORMAT(45X,A7)
      GO TO 10
70     PRINT 3,IX
35     3      FORMAT(60X,A7)
      GO TO 10
80     CONTINUE
      GO TO 10
90     CONTINUE
40     PRINT 6
6      FORMAT(60X,*EMPTY RECORD ENCOUNTERED*)
      GO TO 10
100    PRINT 4
45     4      FORMAT(* EMPLIE $$$ READ ERROR IN CPYREC.*)
      CALL ABORT
110    PRINT 5
5      FORMAT(* EMPLIE $$$ WRITE ERROR IN CPYREC.*)
      CALL ABORT
      END

```